Globe Capital Market Limited
Consolidated Financials
For year ended 31 March 2016

Independent Auditors' Report To the Members of Globe Capital Market Limited

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Globe Capital Market Limited ('the Holding Company'), and its subsidiaries and a step-down subsidiary (or 'the components') (together referred to as 'the Group'), which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and the consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, (hereinafter referred to as the 'consolidated financial statements').

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. While conducting the audit, we have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Holding Company's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Holding Company's Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.





We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the information and explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2016, and their consolidated profit and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Other matter

The results of two subsidiaries included in these Consolidated Finance Statements which constitutes total assets of Rs. 5,299,392,935 as at 31 March 2016, total revenue (including other income) of Rs. 780,408,914 and cash inflows of Rs. 82,283,985 for the year ended on that date, have been audited by P.C. Bindal & Co.. B S R & Co. LLP has placed reliance on the audit reports furnished by management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, insofar as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Further, we did not audit the financial statements and other financial information of one step-down subsidiary incorporated outside India, included in these consolidated financial statements, which constitute total assets amounting to Rs. 176,477,829 as at 31 March 2016, total revenue (including other income) of Rs. 6,755,525, and net cash outflow amounting to Rs. 11,506,003 for the year then ended. The financial statements and other financial information of the step down subsidiary as drawn up in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles of the respective country ('the local GAAP') has been audited by other auditor duly qualified to act as the auditor in that country. The report of the other auditor has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, to the extent it has been derived from such financial statements is based solely on the report received of such other auditor.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and reports of other auditors and the financial statements certified by the management.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 1. As required by sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law related to the preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
 - (c) The consolidated Balance Sheet, consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;





- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India are disqualified as on 31 March 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure to this report.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- (i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial statements of the Group Refer Note 2.24 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (ii) The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Ped Accou

Jiten Chopra

Partner

Membership No.: 092894

Place: Gurgaon
Date: 29 April 2016

For P.C. Bindal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 003824N

K. E. Gur Partner

Membership No.: 088638

Annexure to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31 March 2016, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Globe Capital Market Limited (the 'Holding Company'), and its subsidiary companies which are incorporated in India (together referred to as 'the Group'), as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Group's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.







Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Group, has in all material respect, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting insofar as it relates to two subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India. The report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting has been provided by P.C. Bindal & Co.. B S R & Co. LLP has placed reliance on the reports furnished by the management and our opinion in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Jiten Chopra

Membership No.: 092894

Place: Gurgaon Date: 29 April 2016 For P.C. Bindal & Co. Chartered Accountages

Firm Registration No.: 003824N

Membership No.: 988638

Globe Capital Market Limited Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian rupees)

| | Note | As at 31 March 2016 | As at .31 March 2015 |
|--|------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Equity and liabilities | | | |
| Shareholders' funds | | | |
| Share capital | 2.01 | 328,125,000 | 328,125,000 |
| Reserves and surplus | 2.02 | 9,998,558,588 | 9,162,966,514 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Long-term borrowings | 2.03 | 59,000,000 | 220,000,000 |
| Long-term provisions | 2.04 | 30,850,591 | 25,290,746 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | 2.05 | 1,716,811,674 | 3,729,083,824 |
| Trade payables | 2.06 | | , , , |
| (a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises | | - | - |
| (b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | | 20,048,763 | 115,834,607 |
| Other current liabilities | 2.07 | 5,330,756,566 | 4,641,531,558 |
| Short-term provisions | 2.08 | 64,510,082 | 54,787,058 |
| | | 17,548,661,264 | 18,277,619,307 |
| Assets . | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Fixed assets | 2.09 | | |
| Tangible assets | | 35,808,244 | 35,258,399 |
| Intangible assets | | • | - |
| Non-current investments | 2.10 | 488,939,839 | 73,983,607 |
| Deferred tax assets | 2.11 | 30,282,096 | 29,291,722 |
| Long-term loans and advances | 2.12 | 810,187,717 | 443,513,780 |
| Other non-current assets | 2.13 | 3,346,502,391 | 1,807,010,670 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 2.14 | 2,579,243,316 | 5,103,205,786 |
| Trade receivables | 2.15 | 1,164,574,448 | 1,376,772,264 |
| Cash and bank balances | 2.16 | 4,395,730,923 | 5,179,878,480 |
| Short-term loans and advances | 2.17 | 3,749,409,234 | 4,154,618,448 |
| Other current assets | 2.18 | 947,983,056 | 74,086,151 |
| | | 17,548,661,264 | 18,277,619,307 |
| Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements | 1,2 | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

For P.C. Bindal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 003824N

Jiten Chopra

Partner

Membership No.: 092894

Partner

Membership No 088638

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

Whole-time Director

DIN: 00003988

Globe Capital Market Limited

Yashpal Mendiratta Managing Director

DIN: 00004185

Dhiraj Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

Place: Gurgaon Date: 29 April 2016

Globe Capital Market Limited Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian rupees)

| | (1111 MINOWING MIC IM ANGE | · upecs) | | |
|---|---|----------|--|---|
| | | Note | For the year ended 31 March 2016 | For the year ended 31 March 2015 |
| Revenue | | | 2 -3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3 | |
| Revenue from operations | | 2.19 | 2,938,713,219 | 3,614,711,744 |
| Other income | | 2.20 | 1,483,947 | 979,442 |
| Total revenue | | | 2,940,197,166 | 3,615,691,186 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Employee benefits expenses | | 2.21 | 409,280,006 | 438,251,694 |
| Other expenses | | 2.22 | 823,014,795 | 914,503,680 |
| Finance cost | | 2.23 | 455,776,358 | 451,917,375 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | | 2.09 | 9,702,964 | 14,698,787 |
| Total expenses | | | 1,697,774,123 | 1,819,371,536 |
| Profit before tax | | | 1,242,423,043 | 1,796,319,650 |
| Tax expense | | | | |
| Current income tax | | | 417,640,000 | 572,865,000 |
| Deferred tax charge/ (credit) | | | (990,373) | (7,280,889) |
| Prior year tax adjustment | | | • | (294,499) |
| Profit after tax for the year | | | 825,773,416 | 1,231,030,038 |
| Earnings per equity share (par value Rs. 10 | per share) | | | |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.) | | 2.32 | 25.17 | 37.52 |
| Significant accounting policies and notes to | the financial statements | 1, 2 | | |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of | the financial statements | | | |
| As per our report of even date attached. | | | | |
| For BSR & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022 | For P.C.Bindal & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 003824N | | For and on behalf of Boar Globe Capital Market Li | |
| Jiten Chopra Partner Membership No.: 092894 | New Delhi * K. Gunda Partner Membership No. On State Control | | Yashpal Mendiratta Managing Director DIN: 00004185 | Ashok Kumar Agarwal Whole-time Director DIN: 00003988 |
| | | | - Crand | |

Dhiraj Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

Place: Gurgaon Date: 29 April 2016

Globe Capital Market Limited Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian rupees)

| Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2016 | For the year ended 31 March 2015 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Cash flow from operating activities | | |
| Profit before tax | 1,242,423,043 | 1,796,319,650 |
| Add: | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 9,702,964 | 14,698,787 |
| Bad debts written-off (net of provision no longer required written back) | 20,471,020 | 34,557,325 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 6,117,197 | 2,529,231 |
| Provision for standard assets | 3,310,983 | 363,125 |
| Provision for non-performing assets | 4,375,025 | 26,063,030 |
| Provision for special mention account (SMA) | 4,112,737 | <u>-</u> |
| Loss on sale of fixed assets (net) | • | 397,826 |
| Discount on issuance of commercial paper (included in other borrowing cost) Interest expense on overdrafts | 79,266,915 98,340,281 | 55,441,176 105,649,506 |
| Less: | | |
| Profit on sale of fixed assets (net) | (66,113) | |
| Profit on sale of non-trade investments (net) | (8,387,983) | (44,232,091) |
| Interest on investment in tax-free bonds | (= ==-,>==) | (661,038) |
| Provision for non-performing assets | (26,063,030) | (661,038) |
| Bad debts recovered | (188,790) | - |
| Dividend earned from non-trade investments | (39,778,344) | (1,519,869) |
| Provisions no longer required written-back | (489,941) | (1,207,025) |
| Operating profit before westing a city of the | | (1,207,023) |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | 1,393,145,964 | 1,988,399,633 |
| Adjustments for: | | |
| (Increase)/ decrease in inventories | 2,523,962,470 | (2,477,655,676) |
| (Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables | 185,798,390 | (1,155,372,772) |
| (Increase)/ decrease in loans and advances (refer note 3 below) | 46,783,583 | (512,236,654) |
| (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets (refer note 3 below) | (873,896,905) | (753,070) |
| (Increase)/ decrease in other bank balances (refer note 2 below) | (782,191,840) | (398,850,161) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables | (95,295,903) | 36,810,679 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in liabilities and provisions (refer note 3 below) | 694,463,946 | 838,155,381 |
| Cash generated from operations | 3,092,769,705 | (1,681,502,640) |
| Income taxes paid (net of refund) | (401,809,262) | (564,088,110) |
| Contributions towards corporate social responsibility | - | (23,651,000) |
| Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities (A) | 2,690,960,443 | (2,269,241,750) |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | |
| Purchase of fixed assets | (10,760,247) | (17,774,475) |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | 573,549 | 675,390 |
| Purchase of investments | (432,611,621) | (59,909,569) |
| Proceeds from disposal of investments | 26,043,371 | 71,640,405 |
| Interest on investment in tax-free bonds | - | 661,038 |
| Dividend on long term investments | 39,778,344 | 1,519,869 |
| Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities (B) | (376,976,604) | (3,187,342) |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | |
| Borrowings | _ | 273 630 FOO |
| Interest paid on overdrafts | (98,125,428) | 673,230,508 |
| Current maturities of long term debt | (269,492) | (113,091,255) |
| Proceeds/ (repayment) loan from related parties (refer to Note 4 below) | (20,000,000) | (193,852) |
| Proceeds from commercial paper | 3,377,136,156 | 20,000,000 |
| Repayment of commercial paper | (3,740,000,000) | 2,931,426,600 |
| Proceeds/ (repayment) from | (3,740,000,000) | (2,490,000,000) |
| -bank overdrafts (net) (refer to Note 4 below) | (1,198,688,219) | 004 222 250 |
| -term loan (net) (refer to Note 4 below) | (161,000,000) | 985,732,758 |
| -others (net) (refer to Note 4 below) | (509,987,000) | • |
| · | | · |
| Net cash generated/ (used in) financing activities (C) | (2,350,933,983) | 2,007,104,759 |
| Increase in cash or cash equivalents (A+B+C) | (36,950,144) | (265,324,333) |
| Add: Adjustment on consolidation of subsidiaries/ step-subsidiaries | 9,818,658 | 7,256,958 |
| Net increase in eash or eash equivalents | (27,131,486) | (258,067,375) |
| Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year (refer note 2.16) | 274,868,329 | 532,935,704 |
| Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year (refer note 2.16) | 247,736,843 | 274,868,329 |

- The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method setout in AS-3 on 'Cash Flow Statement', as per Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

 Fixed deposits and related interest income have been included in the operating activities, since these are directly attributable to the primary revenue generating operations of the Company. Interest expense on others and other borrowing cost (excluding discount on commercial paper) has been included in operating activities.

 Include both long-term and short-term assets/ liabilities.

 Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.

As per our report of even date attached

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Jiten Chopra Partner Membership No.: 092894

Place: Gurgaon Date: 29 April 2016

Partner Membership No. 18848 ACCO

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Globe Capital Market Limited

10

Yashpal Mendiratta Managing Director DIN: 00004185

Dhiraj Miswal

Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

Ashok Kumar Agarwal
Whole-time Director
DIN: 00001000 DIN: 00003988

Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies

(i) Basis of preparation

The Consolidated Financial Statements (hereinafter referred to as 'CFS') of Globe Capital Market Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries and step-down subsidiaries, (together referred to as 'the Group') are prepared under the historical cost convention on a going concern basis, i.e. on the accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with the Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, to the extent applicable, relevant pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'), the Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015 ('Prudential Norms'), dated 27 March 2015 issued by the Reserve Bank of India as applicable to a subsidiary company - Globe Fincap Limited. Also refer to (iv) below.

(ii) The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the results of the Company, its subsidiaries, and step down subsidiaries which have been listed below:

| Name of the subsidiary/ step-down subsidiary | Country of incorporation | Proportion of ownership | Date of incorporation |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Globe Commodities Limited Globe Fincap Limited | India India | 100% 100% | / acquisition 1 April 2007 3 April 2008 |
| Globe Derivatives and Securities Limited | India | 100% | 27 October 2010 |
| Globe Comex International DMCC * | Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 100% | 22 October 200 |

^{* 100%} subsidiary of Globe Commodities Limited

(iii) Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents.

(iv) Consolidation procedures

- a) The CFS are prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS-21) 'Consolidated Financial Statements' as notified under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are combined on a line by line basis by adding together sums of like nature, comprising assets, liabilities, income and expenses (including taxes) and after eliminating intra-group balances/ transactions. Also refer to (xx) below.
- b) The separate financial statements of foreign step-down subsidiary are prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles, laws and regulations as prevalent in their respective country and such financial statements are considered for consolidation. The effect of adjustments on account of variance in accounting policies of such foreign step-down subsidiary vis-à-vis those of the Company, if material, are reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- c) Subsidiaries are consolidated on the date on which effective control is transferred to the Group and are no longer consolidated from the date of disposal.
- d) The separate financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and its step-down subsidiary had been drawn for the period from 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2016.
- e) The Company's cost of its investment in its subsidiaries has been eliminated against the Company's portion of equity of each subsidiary as on the date of investment in that subsidiary. Similarly, in the case of step-down subsidiary, a subsidiary's cost of its investment in its subsidiaries has been eliminated against the subsidiary's portion of equity of each subsidiary as on the date of investment in that subsidiary. The excess/short, if any, is recognised as 'Goodwill' or 'Capital reserve' as the case may be.
- f) Minority interest, if any, in the net profit of consolidated subsidiaries for the reporting period is identified and adjusted against the income of the group in order to arrive at the net income attributed to the owners of the Company; and the minority interest in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the CFS separately from liabilities and the equity of the Company's shareholders. Minority interests in the net assets comprise of:





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

- (i) the amount of equity attributable to minorities at the date on which investment in a subsidiary is made; and
- (ii) the minorities' share of movements in equity since the date the parent-subsidiary relationship came in existence.
- g) For the purpose of compilation of the CFS, the foreign currency assets, liabilities, income and expenditure are translated as per Accounting Standard (AS-11) on 'Accounting for the Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates', as notified under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve classified under 'Reserves and Surplus'.
- h) As far as possible, the Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for comparable transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented in the same manner as the Company's standalone financial statements.

(v) Use of estimates

The preparation of Consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Adjustments as a result of differences between actual results and estimates are recognised prospectively.

(vi) Fixed assets (including intangible assets) and related depreciation/amortisation

All fixed assets (including intangible assets) are stated at historical cost less any accumulated depreciation. Cost includes original cost of acquisition and incidental expenses related to such acquisition.

Depreciation on fixed assets (except in case of foreign subsidiary) is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as determined by the management. Depreciation is provided at the following rates which are in line with the corresponding rates prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013:

| Assets Category | Useful life of Asset (Rate of depreciation) |
|------------------------|---|
| Furniture and fixtures | 10 years (10%) |
| Office equipment | 5 years (20%) |
| Computers | 3 years (33.33%) |
| Computer server | 6 years (16.67%) |
| Car | 8 years (12.50%) |

Amortisation of intangible assets (except in case of foreign subsidiary) comprising of computer software has been provided at straight-line basis over a period of five years, which in the opinion of the management represents the best estimate of useful life of these assets.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

In case of foreign subsidiary:

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets has been provided on straight line basis as under:-

- Globe Comex International DMCC : Office equipment : 6.7 year

: Furniture and fittings : 6.7 years

The appropriateness of depreciation/ amortisation is reviewed by the management in each financial year.

(vii) Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. For assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable is estimated at each Balance Sheet date. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(viii) Investments

Investments are classified into non-current investments and current investments based on intent of management at the time of making the investment. Investments which are intended to be held for more than one year are classified as long term investments and those which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments. Non-current investments are valued at cost unless there is diminution, other than temporary, in their value. Diminution is considered other than temporary based on criteria that include the extent to which cost exceeds the market value, the duration of the market decline and the financial health of and specific prospects for the issuer. Diminution in value of long-term investments when considered to be other than temporary is fully provided for and reflected as a provision for diminution in investment. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and market value. Market value for quoted shares is determined after adjusting quoted price of shares for management estimate of impact of market parameters affecting the actual sale value e.g. volume of sale, frequency of sale etc.

(ix) Inventories

Inventories or stock-in-trade is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing such stock to their location and conditions and includes appropriate overheads. Stock-in-trade includes stock pledged, if any, against secured loans from banks and kept as margin/ securities with the stock exchanges and does not include stocks held on behalf of clients/ constituents. Cost is calculated on FIFO basis. Uptill 31 March 2015, the above mentioned computation of cost/ net realizable value was carried out on a scrip-wise basis. The Company has changed its accounting policy from 1 April 2015 to value such inventories on a category-wise basis (equity shares, preference shares, bonds etc. excluding stock-in-trade pertaining to commodities). Also refer Note 2.29.

(x) Revenue recognition

- a) Revenue from broking activities is accounted for on an accrual basis on the trade date of transaction and includes related charges recovered from customers/ constituents.
- b) Income from trading in securities, commodities and derivatives and arbitrage comprises profit/ loss on sale of securities/ commodities held as stock-in-trade and profit/ loss on equity/ commodity and







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

derivatives instruments. Profit/ loss on sale of securities/ commodities is determined based on the FIFO cost of the securities/ commodities sold and is accounted for on the trade date of transaction. Profit/ loss on equity/ commodity derivatives transactions is accounted as explained below:

Equity index/ stock commodity and derivatives

- 1. 'Initial margin' representing initial margin paid, and 'margin deposits', representing additional margin over and above initial margin, for entering into contracts for equity index/ stock and commodity futures, which are released on final settlement/ squaring-up of underlying contracts, are disclosed under 'short-term/ long-term loans and advances'.
- 2. Equity index/ stock and commodity futures are marked-to-market on a daily basis. Debit or credit balance disclosed under 'short term loans and advances' or 'current liabilities', respectively, in the 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/ Stock and Commodity Futures Account', represents the net amount paid or received on the basis of movement in the prices of index/ stock futures till the Balance Sheet date.
- 3. As on the Balance Sheet date, profit/loss on open positions in index/stock and commodity futures are accounted for as follows:
 - Uptill 31 March 2015, Credit balance in the 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/ Stock Futures Account', being anticipated profit, was ignored and no credit for the same was taken in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Debit balance in the 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/ Stock Futures Account', being anticipated loss was adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
 - With effect from 1 April 2015, Credit/ debit balance in the 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/ Stock Futures Account', being anticipated profit/ loss, is adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Also refer Note 2.30.
 - On final settlement or squaring-up of contracts for equity index/ stock futures, the profit or loss is calculated as the difference between settlement/ squaring-up price and contract price. Accordingly, debit or credit balance pertaining to the settled/ squared-up contract in 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/ Stock Futures Account' is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When more than one contract in respect of the relevant series of equity index futures contract to which the squared-up contract pertains is outstanding at the time of the squaring-up of the contract, the contract price of the contract so squared-up is determined using FIFO method for calculating profit/loss on squaring-up.
- c) Dividend from investments is accounted for as income when the right to receive dividend is established.
- d) Interest on financing activities is recognised on accrual basis as per contractual terms and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same. In terms of the RBI directions, interest income on Non-Performing Assets (NPA's), if any, is recognised only when it is actually realised.
- e) Interest on fixed deposit, depository income, portfolio management fees and other heads of income are accounted on accrual basis.
- f) In respect of other heads of income, the Company follows the practice of recognizing income on an accrual basis.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

(xi) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange difference arising due to the differences in the exchange rate between the transaction date and the date of settlement of any monetary items is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of Balance Sheet and resultant gain/ loss, if any, is recorded as an income or expense in the period in which they arise.

Also refer to Note 1(iv)(g).

(xii) Current and deferred tax

Income-tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period/ year determined in accordance with the Income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period/ year). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each Balance Sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/ virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

(xiii) Employee benefits

The Group's obligation towards various employee benefits is recognised as follows:

Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable/ available within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages and bonus etc., are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period/ year in which the employee renders the related service.

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to the eligible employees. An accrual is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by the eligible employees up to the Balance Sheet date.

Defined contribution plan

Provident fund is a defined contribution plan. The contribution towards provident fund has been deposited with Regional Provident Fund Commissioner and is charged to the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Defined benefit plan

The Company pays gratuity to employees who retire or resign after a minimum period of five years of continuous service. The gratuity liability as at year end is determined by an independent actuary appointed by the Company. Actuarial valuation of gratuity liability is calculated based on certain assumptions regarding rate of interest, salary growth, mortality and staff attrition as per the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Gains or losses on the curtailment or settlement of any defined benefit plan are recognised when the curtailment or settlement occurs.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

(xiv) Leases

Lease payments under operating lease are recognised as an expense in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(xv) Provision, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements. However, contingent asset are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

(xvi) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive potential equity equivalent shares outstanding during the year, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

(xvii) Reserve Bank of India Prudential Norms

Globe Fincap Limited, subsidiary of the Company, is registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) as a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) and thus complies with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, Accounting Standards, asset classification and the minimum provisioning for standard, substandard, and bad and doubtful debts, specified in the directions issued by the RBI in terms of Non-Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015" ('Prudential Norms') by circular DNBR (PD) CC.No. 024/03.10.001/2014-15 dated 27 March 2015 issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable to it. Provision on standard assets has been provided at the rate of 0.25% on outstanding balance in accordance with the Prudential Norms.

(xviii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

(xix) Commercial paper

In respect of commercial papers issued, the difference between the redemption value and acquisition value of commercial paper is amortized over the tenure of the instrument. The liability as at the Balance Sheet date in respect of such instruments is recognized at face value net of unamortized discount.

10





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

(xx) Additional information pursuant to para 2 of general instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

| Name of entity Net assets | | assets | Share in profit or loss | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| | As % of consolidated net assets | Amount | As % of consolidated profit or loss | Amount |
| Holding Company | • | | - | |
| Globe Capital Market Limited | 72.52 | 7,488,692,175 | 41.74 | 344,708,262 |
| Subsidiary Company | | | | |
| Indian :- | | | | |
| Globe Commodities Limited | 11.90 | 1,228,802,879 | 16.76 | 138,379,178 |
| Globe Fincap Limited | 10.58 | 1,092,089,471 | 30.30 | 250,196,452 |
| Globe Derivatives and Securities | 3.94 | 407,130,762 | 11.36 | 93,839,940 |
| Limited | | | | |
| Foreign :- | | | | |
| Globe Comex International DMCC | 1.06 | 109,968,306 | (0.16) | (1,350,417) |
| Total | 100 | 10,326,683,593 | 100 | 825,773,416 |





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2. Notes to the financial statements

| | As at 31 March 2016 | As at 31 March 2015 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| 2.01(a): Share capital | 31 March 2010 | or march 2015 |
| Authorised | | |
| 50,500,000 (previous year 50,500,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each | 505,000,000 | 505,000,000 |
| 500,000 (previous year 500,000) 10% non cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs. 10 each. | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 |
| Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up: | | |
| 32,812,500 (previous year 32,812,500) equity shares of Rs. 10 each | 328,125,000 | 328,125,000 |
| | 328,125,000 | 328,125,000 |

2.01(b): Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

| ie ar our premium | and at the cha or the reports | e perious | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|
| As at | | As at | |
| 31 March | 2016 | 31 March | 2015 |
| Number | Amount | Number | Amount |
| 32,812,500 | 328,125,000 | 32,812,500 | 328,125,000 |
| - | · - | - | - |
| 32,812,500 | 328,125,000 | 32,812,500 | 328,125,000 |
| | As at 31 March Number 32,812,500 | As at 31 March 2016 Number Amount 32,812,500 328,125,000 | 31 March 2016 31 March Number Amount Number 32,812,500 328,125,000 32,812,500 |

2.01(c): Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to share capital

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The paid-up equity shares of the Company rank pari-passu in all respects including dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

2.01(d): Shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% shares

| Name of the shareholder | Number of shares as at 31 March 2016 | Number of shares as at 31 March 2015 | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Ashok Kumar Agarwal | 5,775,000 | 5,775,000 | |
| Yashpal Mendiratta | 5,772,900 | 5,772,900 | |
| Alka Agarwal | 2,100,000 | 2,100,000 | |
| Alka Mendiratta | 2,100,000 | 2,100,000 | |
| Lakshya Impex Private Limited | 2,625,000 | 2,625,000 | |
| Rolex Finvest Private Limited | 2,625,000 | 2,625,000 | |
| Client Rosehill Limited (formerly known as CVCIGP II Client Rosehill Limited) | 4,188,324 | 4,188,324 | |
| CVCIGP II Employee Rosehill Limited | 2,345,805 | 2,345,805 | |

| 2.01(e): Shares allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares (during 5 years immediately preceding 31 March 2016): | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 31 March 2016 | 31 March 2015 | 31 March 2014 | 31 March 2013 | 31 March 2012 |
| Equity shares allotted as fully paid | • | - | - | = | - |
| up bonus shares by capitalisation | | | | | |
| of securities premium account | | | | | |







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

| | As at 31 March 2016 | As at 31 March 2015 |
|--|------------------------|---|
| 2.02: Reserves and surplus | | • |
| Capital redemption reserve | • | |
| Opening balance | 190,887,050 | 179,887,050 |
| Add: Addition during the year | 11,000,000 | 11,000,000 |
| | 201,887,050 | 190,887,050 |
| Capital reserve on consolidation | 43,057,120 | 43,057,120 |
| Foreign curreny translation reserve | | |
| Opening balance | 45,195,259 | 26,073,859 |
| Add: Addition during the year | 9,818,658 | 19,121,400 |
| • • | 55,013,917 | 45,195,259 |
| Securities premium account | 1,332,525,772 | 1,332,525,772 |
| General reserve | | |
| Opening balance | 2,450,000,000 | 2,050,000,000 |
| Add: Addition during the year | 200,000,000 | 400,000,000 |
| | 2,650,000,000 | 2,450,000,000 |
| Statutory reserve * | | |
| Opening balance | 169,917,197 | 130,197,041 |
| Add: Additions during the year | 50,039,290 | 39,720,156 |
| | 219,956,487 | 169,917,197 |
| Surplus | | |
| Opening balance | 4,931,384,116 | 4,194,662,445 |
| Less: Share capital issued out of reserves | - | (11,864,442) |
| Less: Adjustment on account of change in useful life of tangible assets # | - | (8,072,769) |
| Less: Contributions towards corporate social responsibility | - | (23,651,000) |
| Add: Profit for the year transferred from the Statement of Profit and Loss | 825,773,416 | 1,231,030,038 |
| | 5,757,157,532 | 5,382,104,272 |
| Less: Transfer to statutory reserve | (50,039,290) | (39,720,156) |
| Less: Transfer to capital redemption reserve | (11,000,000) | (11,000,000) |
| Less: Transfer to general reserve | (200,000,000) | (400,000,000) |
| | 5,496,118,242 | 4,931,384,116 |
| | 9,998,558,588 | 9,162,966,514 |

^{*} Statutory reserve represents the reserve fund created under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (RBI Act). Under Section 45-IC, a company is required to transfer sum not less than twenty percent of its net profit every year to a reserve fund. Accordingly, the Company has transferred Rs. 50,039,290 (previous year Rs. 39,720,156), being twenty percent of net profits from its financial activities in its subsidiary (Globe Fincap Limited) for the financial year to the statutory reserve. The statutory reserve can be utilised for the purposes as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

refer Note 2.31

2.03: Long-term borrowings (secured)

* Loan of Rs. 59,000,000 (previous year Rs. 220,000,000) having original maturity of 5 years. The rate of interest varies from 10.25% to 11.35% per annum (previous year 11% to 12% per annum) and is secured against securities pledged, repayable on maturity with pre-payment option.

2.04: Long-term provisions

 Provision for gratuity #
 29,472,229
 25,039,648

 Provision for standard assets
 1,378,362
 251,098

 30,850,591
 25,290,746

refer to note 2.25







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

| | 31 March 2015 |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| 750,972,579 | 1,949,660,798 |
| 360,000,000 | 770,000,000 |
| | |
| 457,326,095 | 740,923,026 |
| • | 20,000,000 |
| 148,513,000 | 248,500,000 |
| 1,716,811,674 | 3,729,083,824 |
| | 360,000,000 457,326,095 |

out of the above, Rs. 639,644,714 (previous year Rs. 1,128,305,203) are secured against fixed deposits pledged, interest rate varies from 8% to 10.25% per annum (previous year 9.20% to 11.25% per annum) and Rs. 111,327,865 (previous year Rs. 821,355,595) are secured against shares pledged, interest rate varies from 8% to 10.25% per annum (previous year 10.03% to 12.75% per annum).

* Loan amounting to Rs 110,000,000 is repayable on 14 September 2016 (previous year Rs 750,000,000 repayable on 12 September 2015) and Rs. 250,000,000 is repayable on 20 May 2016 (previous year Rs. 20,000,000 repayable on 10 March 2016) with a pre payment option (with an option to renew at the sole discretion of Lender). Interest rate on the loan varies from 10.75% to 11.35% per annum (previous year 11% to 12% per annum).

^ Detail of repayment, interest rate and installment due for the year ended 31 March 2016:

| | | 31 March 2016 | |
|---|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 10.10% HDFC Bank (INE081J14289) | | 260,000,000 | 11 April 2016 |
| 9.95% Escort Mutual Fund (INE081J14172) | | 100,000,000 | 11 April 2016 |
| 9.75% Escort Mutual Fund (INE013U14024) | | 100,000,000 | 08 June 2016 |
| | Total | 460,000,000 | |
| Detail of repayment, interest rate and installment due for the year ended | 1 31 March 2015: | | |
| Particulars | | As at 31 March 2015 | Date of redemption |
| 10.10% HDFC Bank (INE081J14164) | | 260,000,000 | 29 April 2015 |
| | | | |
| 10.05% HDFC Bank (INE081J14180) | | 240,000,000 | 22 May 2015 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 240,000,000 250,000,000 | 22 May 2015 27 May 2015 |
| 10.05% HDFC Bank (INE081J14180) | Total | • • | • |

2.06: Trade payables

| Payables against goods and services | |
|--|----|
| (a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprise | 25 |

| (ii) I can constanting coes of interest enterprises | una sinan cincipiisco |
|---|--|
| (b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other that | in micro enterprises and small enterprises |

| 5,76 | • | | |
|------|---|--|--|
| | | | |

Date of redemption

115,834,607

| | 20,048,763 | 115,834,607 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| 2.07: Other current liabilities | | |
| Advance/ margin received from: | | |
| - customers | 3,898,060,788 | 4,104,566,015 |
| - related parties | 5,872,144 | 2,006,451 |
| Payable to exchanges | 1,254,447,669 | 399,697,896 |
| Current maturities of long term debt | • | 269,492 |
| Payable to clients * | 11,122,477 | - |
| Salary, bonus and other employee payables | 49,472,238 | 72,696,681 |
| Interest accrued but not due on borrowings | 2,306,449 | 2,091,596 |
| Income received in advance | 5,422,345 | 5,610,098 |
| Book overdrafts | 71,924,453 | 11,874,591 |
| Withholding and other taxes payable | 32,128,003 | 42,718,738 |
| | 5,330,756,566 | 4,641,531,558 |

* As per accounting policy, the accounting is done on trade date basis. This figure represents net payable to clients, pertaining to trades which are settled in next financial year as per exchange mechanism.

2.08: Short-term provisions

| Provision for gratuity # | 6,524,175 | 5,772,456 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Provision for income-tax | 39,989,014 | 15,619,604 |
| [(net of income-tax recoverable Rs. 462,697,376 (previous year Rs. 169,345,396)] | | |
| Provision for wealth tax | • | 6,556 |
| Provision for standard assets | 9,509,131 | 7,325,412 |
| Provision for special mention accounts (SMA) | 4,112,737 | - |
| Provision for non performing assets | 4,375,025 | 26,063,030 |
| • | | |
| | 64,510,082 | 54,787,058 |

refer to note 2.25







2.09 Fixed assets

| Particulars | | Gross | Gross block | | | Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation | ciation/ amortisation | 3 | Net block | lock |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| | As at | Additions | Deletions | As at | As at | Depreciation * | Deletions | | As at | As at |
| | I April 2015 | during the year | during the year | 31 March 2016 | 1 April 2015 | charge for the year | during the year | 31 March 2016 | 31 March 2016 | 31 March 2015 |
| Tangible assets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Office premises | 3,728,725 | • | • | 3,728,725 | 912,572 | 62,684 | | 975,256 | 2,753,469 | 2,816,153 |
| | (3,728,725) | 1 | 1 | (3,728,725) | (850,059) | (62,513) | 1 | (912,572) | (2,816,153) | |
| Furniture and fittings | 5,592,271 | 181,944 | 997,329 | 4,776,886 | 3,501,856 | 351,500 | 834,095 | 3,019,261 | 1,757,625 | 2,090,415 |
| | (5,996,943) | (682,665) | (1,087,337) | (5,592,271) | (3,720,204) | (406,594) | (624,942) | (3,501,856) | (2,090,415) | |
| Computers | 74,026,873 | 5,169,003 | 2,313,153 | 76,882,723 | 68,810,111 | 3,876,679 | 2,298,126 | 70,388,664 | 6,494,059 | 5,216,762 |
| | (74,748,258) | (3,035,415) | (3,756,800) | (74,026,873) | (56,811,814) | (15,681,500) | (3,683,203) | (68,810,111) | (5,216,762) | |
| Office equipment | 18,080,892 | 1,351,164 | 1,909,867 | 17,522,189 | 12,330,427 | 2,210,993 | 1,580,692 | 12,960,728 | 4,561,461 | 5,750,465 |
| | (17,096,196) | (2,615,239) | (1,630,543) | (18,080,892) | (4,786,044) | (8,637,703) | (1,093,320) | (12,330,427) | (5,750,465) | |
| Vehicles | 24,156,202 | 4,058,134 | i | 28,214,336 | 4,771,598 | 3,201,108 | 1 | 7,972,706 | 20,241,630 | 19,384,604 |
| | (12,715,045) | (11,441,157) | i | (24,156,202) | (2,681,617) | (2,089,981) | ı | (4,771,598) | (19,384,604) | |
| Total tangible assets (I) Previous year | 125,584,963 (114,285,167) | 10,760,245 (17,774,476) | 5,220,349 (6,474,680) | 131,124,859 (125,584,963) | 90,326,564 (68,849,738) | 9,702,964 (26,878,291) | 4,712,913 (5,401,465) | 95,316,615 (90,326,564) | 35,808,244 (35,258,399) | 35,258,399 - |
| Intangible assets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Software | 6,356,775 | • | | 6,356,775 | 6,356,775 | , | • | 6,356,775 | 1 | |
| | (6,356,775) | 1 | , | (6,356,775) | (6,306,663) | (50,112) | ı | (6,356,775) | • | |
| Total tangible assets (II) | 6,356,775 | · | ŧ | 6,356,775 | 6,356,775 | 1 | 1 | 6,356,775 | 1 | |
| Previous year | (6,356,775) | ı | | (6,356,775) | (6,306,663) | (50,112) | • | (6,356,775) | • | , |
| Total (I+II) | 131,941,738 | 10,760,245 | 5,220,349 | 137,481,634 | 96,683,339 | 9,702,964 | 4,712,913 | 101,673,390 | 35,808,244 | 35,258,399 |
| Previous year | (120,641,942) | (17,774,476) | (6,474,680) | (131,941,738) | (75,156,401) | (26,928,403) | (5,401,465) | (96,683,339) | (35,258,399) | |

figures in brackets relates to previous year * refer to Note 2.31





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

| | 31 March 2016 | 31 March 2015 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| 2.10: Non-current investment (non-trade, at cost) | | |
| A. Investment in equity instruments | | |
| Quoted | | |
| Fully paid-up of face value Rs. 10 each | | |
| 19,114 (previous year 12,743) shares of Kothari Products Limited | 447,321 | 447,321 |
| 2,606 (previous year 2,606) shares of Mawana Sugars Limited | 52,102 | 52,102 |
| 121,261 (previous year 121,261) shares of Jayshree Chemicals Limited | 1,818,914 | 1,818,914 |
| 27,197 (previous year 27,197) shares of Oberoi Realty Limited | 7,071,220 | 7,071,220 |
| 108,600 (previous year 108,600) shares of Murudeshwar Ceramics Limited | 2,172,000 | 2,172,000 |
| 6,625 (previous year Nil) shares of Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited | 1,656,250 | - |
| 1,200 (previous year 1,200) shares of Thejo Engineering Limited | 241,200 | 241,200 |
| 7,365 (previous year 7,365) shares of Uttam Sugar Mills Limited | 162,030 | 162,030 |
| 1,828,937 (previous year Nil) shares of Rural Electrification Corporation Limited | 417,362,342 | - |
| 92,342 (previous year 100,000) shares of Elantas Beck India Limited | 53,809,530 | 58,272,000 |
| Nil (previous year 33) shares of Canfin Home Limited | • | 14,850 |
| 36,431 (previous year Nil) shares of GMR Infra Limited | 546,465 | • |
| Fully paid-up of face value Rs. 5 each | | |
| 75,000 (previous year 75,000) shares of Castrol India Limited | 3,453,071 | 3,453,071 |
| Fully paid-up of face value Rs. 2 each | | |
| 694 (previous year 779) shares of East India Hotels Limited | 45,804 | 51,414 |
| Unquoted | | |
| Equity shares, fully paid-up of face value Rs. 10 each | | |
| 771 (previous year 5,400) shares of Bharat NRE Coke Limited * | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| 159 (previous year 159) shares of Sistema Shyam Teleservices Limited | 1,590 | 1,590 |
| B. Investment in compulsory convertible debentures | | |
| Nil (previous year 2,289) units of The Indian Hotel | - | 125,895 |
| | 488,939,839 | 73,983,607 |
| Aggregate market value of quoted investments | 467,527,663 | 164,409,672 |
| Aggregate book value of quoted investments | 488,838,249 | 73,882,017 |
| Aggregate book value of unquoted investments | 101,590 | 101,590 |
| | | |

As at







As at 31 March 2015

Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

| | As at 31 March 2016 | As at 31 March 2015 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| 2.11: Deferred tax assets | | |
| Deferred tax assets | | |
| Provision on standard assets | 3,767,944 | 2,575,256 |
| Provision for non-performing assets | 1,514,109 | 8,858,824 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 3,436,699 | 1,296,094 |
| Provision for special mention accounts (SMA) | 1,423,336 | - |
| Priliminary expenses written off | - | 24,794 |
| Provision for gratuity | 12,457,635 | 10,473,035 |
| Disallowances on unrealised loss as per Income Computation and Disclosure Standards | 1,657,597 | - |
| Disallowances u/s 43B of the Income-tax Act, 1961 | 4,967,994 | 5,067,333 |
| Difference between carrying cost of fixed assets as per Companies Act, 2013 and Income-tax Act, 1961 | 1,056,782 | 996,386 |
| Deferred tax assets | 30,282,096 | 29,291,722 |
| | | 2/,2/2,/22 |
| 2.12: Long-term loans and advances | | |
| Secured, considered good | | |
| Loans - Standard assets (receivable under financing activities) | 459,453,853 | 100,439,237 |
| Unsecured, considered good | | |
| Margins/ deposits with stock exchange and others | 55,119,330 | 55,298,735 |
| Income-taxes recoverable | 150,353,936 | 141,821,820 |
| [net of provision for tax Rs. 2,126,345,000 (previous year Rs. 2,026,419,834)] | | |
| Capital advances | 140,000,000 | 140,000,000 |
| Other advances | 5,260,598 | 5,953,988 |
| | 810,187,717 | 443,513,780 |
| 2.13: Other non-current assets (Unsecured, considered good) | | |
| Bank deposits with maturity more than twelve months * | | |
| - placed under lien with banks | 2,631,305,184 | 1,353,880,227 |
| - pledged with the clearing corporations and stock exchanges as margin | 434,902,954 | 340,920,000 |
| - deposits in hand | 279,600,000 | 111,800,000 |
| | 3,345,808,138 | 1,806,600,227 |
| Interest accrued but not due | 694,253 | 410,443 |
| | 3,346,502,391 | 1,807,010,670 |
| * refer to note 2.16 | | |
| 2.14: Inventories | | |
| (at lower of cost and net realizable value) | | |
| Stock-in-trade of securities, commodities and bonds * | 2,579,243,316 | 5,103,205,786 |
| | | |
| | 2,579,243,316 | 5,103,205,786 |
| * refer to note 2.29 | | |







| , | As at 31 March 2016 | As at 31 March 2015 |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 2.15: Trade receivables | | |
| Secured | | |
| a) Outstanding for more than six months from due date Considered good | 52,922,512 | 27,956,215 |
| b) Other trade receivables - Considered good | 1,055,120,760 | 900,788,072 |
| Unsecured | | |
| a) Outstanding for more than six months from due date | 20,696,390 | 23,409,816 |
| Considered good Considered doubtful | 7,178,561 | 3,066,225 |
| b) Other trade receivables | | |
| - Considered good | 35,834,787 | 424,618,161 |
| - Considered doubtful | 2,751,797 1,174,504,807 | 746,937 1,380,585,426 |
| | | |
| Less: Provision for doubtful debts | 9,930,359 | 3,813,162 |
| | 1,164,574,448 | 1,376,772,264 |
| 2.16: Cash and bank balances | | • |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Cash in hand | 299,383 | 402,464 |
| Balances with banks: - in current accounts | 184,937,460 | 274,465,865 |
| - fixed deposits less than three months | 62,500,000 | |
| | 247,736,843 | 274,868,329 |
| Other bank balances | | |
| Bank deposits with maturity less than twelve months * - placed under lien with banks | 2,316,102,997 | 3,581,545,264 |
| - pledged with the clearing corporations and stock exchanges as margin | 1,414,986,083 | 1,322,464,887 |
| - deposits in hand | 416,905,000 | 1,000,000 |
| | 4,147,994,080 | 4,905,010,151 |
| Bank deposits with maturity more than twelve months * - placed under lien with banks | 2,631,305,184 | 1,353,880,227 |
| - placed with the clearing corporations and stock exchanges as margin | 434,902,954 | 340,920,000 |
| - deposits in hand | 279,600,000 | 111,800,000 |
| | 3,345,808,138 | 1,806,600,227 |
| Total cash and bank balances | 7,741,539,061 | 6,986,478,707 |
| Less: bank deposits with maturity more than twelve months | 3,345,808,138 | 1,806,600,227 |
| | 4,395,730,923 | 5,179,878,480 |
| excludes bank deposits given to exchanges by constituents, as margins, on their behalf amounting 2.17: Short-term loans and advances | g to Rs. 5,011,598,172 (previous year Rs. 4,010 | ,134,416) |
| Secured Secured | 0.000.000.514 | 2715 444 422 |
| Standard assets (receivable under financing activities) Sub-standard assets (receivable under financing activities) | 2,828,928,514 57,926,313 | 2,715,466,632 12,324,535 |
| Unsecured | | |
| Standard assets (receivable under financing activities) | 340,782,024 | 104,530,200 |
| Sub-standard assets (receivable under financing activities) | 41,828,425 | 91,927,583 |
| Margins/ deposit with stock exchange and others | 176,198,129 | 206,089,056 |
| Receivable from exchanges Other advances | 205,954,650 97,791,179 | 947,289,634 76,990,808 |
| • | 3,749,409,234 | 4,154,618,448 |
| | 3,142,402,604 | 4,134,010,440 |
| 2.18: Other current assets | | |
| Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits | 76,442,577 | 73,803,613 |
| Receivable from clients * | 871,534,179 6 200 | 000.000 |
| Dividend receivable Others | 6,300 | 220,063 62,475 |
| | <u> </u> | |
| | 947,983,056 | 74,086,151 |
| • As per accounting policy, the accounting is done on trade date basis. This figure represent financial year as per exchange mechanism. | ts net receivable from clients, pertaining to | trades which are settled in next |





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

| | For the year ended 31 March 2016 | For the year ended 31 March 2015 |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| 2.19: Revenue from operations | | |
| Brokerage earned (gross) | 976,565,593 | 1,034,879,871 |
| Income from securities and commodities trading | 296,153,947 | 1,056,692,561 |
| Income from depository and portfolio management services | 26,521,164 | 30,012,181 |
| Dividend earned | 34,910,781 | 75,407,155 |
| Income from interest on loans | 575,825,049 | 499,398,954 |
| Other operating revenues | | |
| Interest earned * | 979,891,627 | 870,701,000 |
| Gain on sale of investments (net) | 8,387,983 | 43,178,404 |
| Gain on sale of tax-free bonds | - | 1,053,686 |
| Dividend income on long-term investments | 39,778,344 | 1,519,869 |
| Bad debts recovered | 188,790 | - |
| Provisions/ liabilities no longer required written-back | 489,941 | 1,207,025 |
| Interest on investment in tax-free bonds | - | 661,038 |
| | 2,938,713,219 | 3,614,711,744 |
| * Includes interest on fixed deposits placed with banks Rs. 672,181,776 (previous year (previous year Rs. 182,308,964). 2.20: Other income | Rs. 688,392,036) and interest recovered on dela | ayed payments Rs. 307,709,852 |
| | | |

| Profit on sale of fixed assets (net) Miscellaneous | 66,113 1,417,834 | - 979,442 |
|--|---------------------|--------------|
| • | 1,483,947 | 979,442 |
| 2.21: Employee benefits expenses | | |
| Salaries and wages | 388,545,087 | 419,861,642 |
| Contribution to provident fund | 6,990,021 | 3,393,090 |
| Gratuity | 8,011,201 | 9,930,257 |
| Staff welfare | 5,733,697 | 5,066,705 |
| | 409,280,006 | 438,251,694 |





SU

Other borrowing costs

- Other

- Discount on commercial papers

Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

| | | For the year ended 31 March 2016 | | For the year ended 31 March 2015 |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2.22: Other expenses | | | | |
| Communication | | 33,447,246 | | 38,980,704 |
| Travelling and conveyance | | 22,759,669 | | 22,964,842 |
| Printing and stationery | | 2,644,706 | | 3,332,354 |
| Rent # | | 47,274,790 | | 48,292,952 |
| Rates and taxes (net of recoveries) | • | 1,510,796 | | 7,416,668 |
| Fees and subscription | | 2,941,903 | | 1,714,506 |
| Bad debts written-off | | | | |
| Debts written-off during the year (net of bad debts recovered during the year) | 46,534,050 | | 57,862,679 | |
| Less: provision made earlier, no longer required written back | 26,063,030 | 20,471,020 | 23,305,354 | 34,557,325 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | | 6,117,197 | | 2,529,231 |
| Provision for standard assets | | 3,310,983 | | 363,125 |
| Provision for non-performing assets | | 4,375,025 | | 26,063,030 |
| Provision for special mention accounts (SMA) | | 4,112,737 | | - |
| Entertainment/ business promotion | | 425,334 | | 2,904,503 |
| Brokerage and commission | | 198,633,764 | | 182,935,084 |
| Electricity | | 13,712,961 | | 12,886,033 |
| Depository expenses | | 5,819,084 | | 6,043,087 |
| Warehouse charges | | 15,411,971 | | 10,157,825 |
| Exchange charges | | 239,663,396 | | 316,102,796 |
| Advertisement | | 2,356,133 | | 2,560,999 |
| Legal and professional * | | 23,344,799 | | 22,659,763 |
| Repairs and maintenance - others | | 11,131,070 | | 12,224,431 |
| Insurance | | 989,719 | | 1,349,921 |
| Computer and data processing charges | | 15,244,126 | | 16,666,196 |
| Donation | | 682,100 | | 313,100 |
| Contributions towards corporate social responsibility | | 28,280,000 | | 2 000 005 |
| Festivity expenses | | 2,692,209 | | 2,900,095 |
| Security transaction tax | | 110,673,844 | | 132,890,393 |
| Commodity transaction tax | | 393,472 | | 805,447 |
| Loss on sale of fixed assets (net) | | 4 504 741 | | 397,826 |
| Miscellaneous | | 4,594,741 | | 4,491,444 |
| | | 823,014,795 | . = | 914,503,680 |
| # Represents rental expense incurred in respect of office space leased by the Group u extend for a maximum period of 3 years from their respective dates of inception. * Audit fees includes (excluding service tax): | nder operating leas | se arrangements. These l | eases are cancella | able arrangements that |
| As auditor | | 3,369,403 | | 2,862,500 |
| For tax audit | | 112,500 | | 162,500 |
| Other matters | | 1,400,000 | | 1,425,000 |
| Reimbursement of expenses | | 465,000 | | 457,300 |
| Noninoursement of expenses | | | - | |
| | | 5,346,903 | - | 4,907,300 |
| 2.23: Finance costs | | | | |
| Interest expense | | | | |
| - on bank overdrafts | | 98,340,281 | | 105,649,506 |
| - on others | | 232,988,639 | | 218,473,627 |





79,266,915

45,180,523

455,776,358



55,441,176

72,353,066

451,917,375

Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2.24 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

| Particulars | As at 31 March 2016 | As at 31 March 2015 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Contingent liabilities | | |
| Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt | 45,155,089 | 45,677,991 |
| (on account of arbitration filed by client) | | |
| On account of stamp duty | 327,590,700 | 327,590,700 |
| On account of VAT | 153,536,257 | 154,508,257 |
| Capital commitments | | |
| On contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not | 20,000,000 | 20,000,000 |
| provided for | | |

The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its Consolidated Financial Statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its consolidated financial results.

2.25 Employee Benefits

(i) The following table sets out the status of un-funded gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements as at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015:

| Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2016 | For the year ended 31 March 2015 |
|---|---|---|
| a) Change in present value of obligation | | |
| Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year | 30,812,104 | 22,667,842 |
| Add: Current service cost | 5,301,612 | 5,306,920 |
| Interest cost | 2,403,344 | 2,062,773 |
| Benefit paid | (2,826,901) | (1,785,995) |
| Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligation | 306,245 | 2,560,564 |
| Present value of obligations at the end of the year | 35,996,404 | 30,812,104 |
| b) Amount recognised in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | | |
| Present value of obligations at the end of the year | 35,996,404 | 30,812,104 |
| Net liability recognised in the Consolidated Balance Sheet # | 35,996,404 | 30,812,104 |
| c) Gratuity cost for the year | | |
| Current Service Cost | 5,301,612 | 5,306,920 |
| Interest Cost | 2,403,344 | 2,062,773 |
| Net Actuarial (gain)/ loss recognised in the year | 306,245 | 2,560,564 |
| Net gratuity cost recognised in the Consolidated Statement of | | ,, |
| Profit and Loss | 8,011,201 | 9,930,257 |
| d) Assumptions used for actuarial valuation | | |
| Discount rate | 7.70% | 7.80% |
| Rate of increase in compensation | 5.00% | 5.00% |
| Withdrawal rate | 10.00% | 10.00% |
| Mortality rate | Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) | Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) |







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

includes current portion Rs. 6,524,175 (previous year Rs. 5,772,456) and non-current portion Rs. 29,472,229 (previous year Rs. 25,039,648).

(ii) Experience adjustments

| | For the year ended 31 March 2016 | For the year ended 31 March 2015 | For the year ended 31 March 2014 | For the year ended 31 March 2013 | For the year ended 31 March 2012 |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Present value of obligation | 34,211,204 | 29,440,170 | 22,109,136 | 21,229,802 | 16,480,116 |
| Surplus/ (Deficit) | (34,211,204) | (29,440,170) | (22,109,136) | (21,229,802) | (16,480,116) |
| Experience adjustments on plan liabilities | (678,384) | (72,245) | 2,481,651 | 1,617,870 | 1,291,190 |

Explanations to assumptions used for actuarial valuation for Gratuity

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. The discount rate has been chosen by reference to market yields on government bonds as at the date of the valuation with reference to the term that matched the liability.

Defined contribution plan

A sum of Rs. 6,990,021 (previous year Rs. 3,393,090) on account of provident fund is recognized as an expense and included in 'contribution to provident fund' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.26 Related party transactions

a) List of the related parties:

Key management personnel:

Yashpal Mendiratta * Managing director
Ashok Kumar Agarwal * Whole-time director

Alka Mendiratta * Whole-time director, Globe Commodities Limited Whole-time director, Globe Commodities Limited

Amit Bansal Director, Globe Commodities Limited

Nidhi Aggarwal * Whole-time director, Globe Derivatives and Securities Limited

Sahil Mendiratta * Whole-time director, Globe Fincap Limited
Arpit Agarwal * Whole-time director, Globe Fincap Limited

Ankit Agarwal * Whole-time director, Globe Derivatives and Securities Limited

Ankit Surana Director, Globe Comex International DMCC

Enterprises in which key management personnel and/or their relatives have significant influence:

A To Z Venture Capital Limited
Rolex Finvest Private Limited *
A To Z Consultants Private Limited *
M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited
Lakshya Impex Private Limited *
Yashpal Mendiratta (HUF) *







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

Ashok Kumar Agarwal (HUF) *
Bolt Synthetic Private Limited
Globe Capital Foundation
A M Share Brokers Private Limited

b) Transactions with related parties:

| Particulars | For the year ended | For the year ended |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | 31 March 2016 | 31 March 2015 |
| Short-term loan received | | |
| Lakshya Impex Private Limited | 101,130,000 | 77,400,000 |
| Rolex Finvest Private Limited | 44,900,000 | 66,900,000 |
| Bolt Synthetic Private Limited | 16,200,000 | 11,900,000 |
| A TO Z Consultants Private Limited | 2,400,000 | - |
| A TO Z Venture Capital Limited | 900,000 | - |
| Short-term loan repaid | | |
| Rolex Finvest Private Limited | 64,900,000 | 46,900,000 |
| Bolt Synthetic Private Limited | 16,200,000 | 11,900,000 |
| Lakshya Impex Private Limited | 101,130,000 | 82,400,000 |
| A TO Z Consultants Private Limited | 2,400,000 | - · · · - |
| A TO Z Venture Capital Limited | 900,000 | - |
| Brokerage earned | | |
| Rolex Finvest Private Limited | 172 | 6,148 |
| Lakshya Impex Private Limited | 104 | 13,156 |
| M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited | 46,255 | 45,508 |
| A to Z Venture Capital Limited | 584 | 17,061 |
| Bolt Synthetic Private Limited | 702 | - |
| A M Share Brokers Private Limited | 592 | - |
| A to Z Consultants Private Limited | 900 | - |
| Reimbursement of expenses | | |
| M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited | 17,153 | 15,125 |
| Globe Capital Foundation | 3,376 | - |
| Income from portfolio management services | | |
| M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited | 140,746 | 108,161 |
| Income from depository services | | |
| Rolex Finvest Private Limited | 4,054 | 3,969 |
| Lakshya Impex Private Limited | 891 | 1,013 |
| M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited | 2,667 | 3,255 |
| Others | 7,046 | 2,528 |
| Remuneration to directors | | |
| Ashok Kumar Agarwal # | 13,879,392 | 25,759,440 |
| Yashpal Mendiratta # | 13,879,392 | 25,759,440 |
| Alka Agarwal | 480,000 | 480,000 |
| Alka Mendiratta | 480,000 | 480,000 |
| Nidhi Aggarwal | 3,000,000 | 2,500,000 |
| Sahil Mendiratta # | 3,028,800 | 2,414,600 |







^{*} the above parties are also shareholders of the Company

Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

| Particulars | For the | For the |
|---|---------------|---|
| | year ended | year ended |
| | 31 March 2016 | 31 March 2015 |
| Arpit Agarwal # | 3,028,800 | 2,414,600 |
| Ankit Agarwal | 3,000,000 | 2,125,000 |
| Expenses (Rent) | | |
| Ashok Kumar Agarwal | 135,000 | 135,000 |
| Yashpal Mendiratta | 135,000 | 135,000 |
| Alka Agarwal | 450,000 | 450,000 |
| Alka Mendiratta | 450,000 | 450,000 |
| Ashok Kumar Agarwal (HUF) | 745,800 | 745,800 |
| Yashpal Mendiratta (HUF) | 745,800 | 745,800 |
| A to Z Venture Capital Limited | 876,120 | 876,120 |
| A to Z Consultants Private Limited | 588,000 | 588,000 |
| Lakshya Impex Private Limited | 866,160 | 866,160 |
| Contribution towards corporate social responsibilty | | |
| Globe Capital Foundation (refer to Note 2.28) | 25,780,000 | 23,151,000 |
| Interest Paid | | |
| Lakshya Impex Private Limited | 781,797 | 477,108 |
| Rolex Finvest Private Limited | 1,038,139 | 598,159 |
| Bolt Synthetic Pvt. Limited | 358,374 | 239,080 |
| M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited | 2,452,382 | 2,229,390 |
| A TO Z Consultants Private Limited | 160,380 | -,, |
| A TO Z Venture Capital Limited | 79,223 | - |
| Balances outstanding as at the year end | | |
| Advance/ margin received from related parties | | |
| M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited | 784,609 | 2,006,451 |
| Atoz Consultants Private Limited | 2,900,000 | _,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Atoz Venture Capital Limited | 1,349,851 | - |
| Bolt Synthetics Private Limited | 299,404 | - |
| Rolex Finvest Private Limited | 538,280 | - |
| Short-term borrowings | | |
| Rolex Finvest Private Limited | - | 20,000,000 |
| Salary, bonus and other payables | | |
| Ashok Kumar Agarwal | 2,489,753 | 14,619,334 |
| Yashpal Mendiratta | 2,419,753 | 14,579,335 |
| Alka Agarwal | 19,587 | 4,859 |
| Alka Mendiratta | 19,904 | 4,905 |
| Nidhi Aggarwal | 49,204 | 565,738 |
| Sahil Mendiratta | 164,735 | 188,869 |
| Arpit Agarwal | 164,735 | 188,869 |
| Ankit Agarwal | 139,735 | 921,913 |

includes value of perquisites

Notes:

Receivable and payable balances exclude the amount of transactions for the last day trading (except in the case of subsidiaries), if any, settled subsequent to year end.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2 Balances outstanding as at the year-end being advance/ margin received from related parties are presented as net-off debits and credits during the year, being voluminous in nature and in the normal course of business.

2.27 Segment Reporting

a. Business Segment

- i. The business segment has been considered as the primary segment.
- ii. The Group's primary business segments are reflected based on principal business activities, the nature of product or service, the risks and returns, the organisation structure and the internal financial reporting system.
- iii. The Group's business comprises of dealing in shares, commodities, securities and derivatives either on its own or on behalf of its constituents, financing activities and other related ancillary services. The entire operations are governed by the same set of risk and returns, hence, there is no reportable business segment, however pursuant to Clause 31 of Accounting Standard 17 on Segment Reporting as prescribed by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, current year disclosures have been made accordingly and therefore reportable segment for the current year is as under:
 - a) Capital markets: comprises brokerage income earned on secondary market transactions done on behalf of clients, services rendered as depository participant and proprietary trading in securities, commodities and derivatives.
 - b) Financing activities: comprises the financing activities carried out by the NBFC subsidiary Globe Fincap Limited.

b. Geographical Segment

The geographical segments have been identified by the location of the customers and business operations of the Group and the same have been considered as secondary segments viz. within India and Outside India.

a) Primary Segment information (by business segments)

| Particulars | Capital market | Financing activities | Unallocated others | Total |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| i) Segment revenue | 2,363,460,336 | 576,736,830 | _ | 2,940,197,166 |
| | (3,116,471,295) | (499,219,891) | (-) | (3,615,691,186) |
| ii) Segment results | 1,071,563,049 | 469,619,219 | - | 1,541,182,268 |
| | (1,698,398,285) | (381,048,295) | (-) | (2,079,446,580) |
| Less: Interest expenses | | | | 256,481,074 |
| • | | | | (250,010,626) |
| Less: Unallocated expenditure | | | | 42,278,151 |
| (net of unallocated income) | | | | (33,116,306) |
| Add: Exceptional item | | | | , - |
| | | | | (-) |
| Less: Taxation # | | | | 416,649,627 |
| | | | | (565,289,612) |







Globe Capital Market Limited Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

| Particulars | Capital market | Financing activities | Unallocated others | Tota |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Total profit after tax | | | | 825,773,410 |
| | | | | (1,231,030,038 |
| iii) Segment assets | 13,448,760,751 | 3,728,919,130 | 340,699,287 | 17,518,379,168 |
| | (14,893,945,828) | (3,024,688,189) | (329,693,568) | (18,248,327,585 |
| iv) Segment liabilities | 6,107,077,682 | 1,085,142,175 | 29,757,819 | 7,221,977,676 |
| | (7,372,587,026) | (1,295,036,741) | (118,904,027) | (8,786,527,794 |
| v) Capital expenditure | 10,489,547 | - | 270,700 | 10,760,24 |
| | (17,589,033) | (-) | (185,443) | (17,774,476 |
| vi) Depreciation | 8,639,569 | - | 1,063,395 | 9,702,96 |
| | (13,562,228) | (-) | (1,136,559) | (14,698,787 |
| vii) Non cash expenses other tha | n depreciation | | | |
| - Bad debts written off | - | 20,471,020 | - | 20,471,020 |
| (net of provision written back) | (16,924,391) | (17,632,934) | (-) | (34,557,325 |
| - Provision for doubtful debts | 6,117,197 | - | - - | 6,117,19 |
| | (2,529,231) | (-) | (-) | (2,529,231 |
| - Provision for doubtful advance | - | - | • | • |
| | (-) | (-) | (-) | (- |
| - Provision for standard assets | · · | 3,310,983 | - | 3,310,98 |
| | - | (363,125) | (-) | (363,125 |
| - Provision for non-performing | - | 4,375,025 | - | 4,375,02 |
| assets | (-) | (26,063,030) | (-) | (26,063,030 |
| - Provision for SMA | - | 4,112,737 | - | 4,112,73 |
| | (-) | (-) | (-) | . (- |
| - Provision for gratuity | 8,011,201 | - | - | 8,011,20 |
| | (9,930,257) | · (-) | (-) | (9,930,257 |

[#] includes current income-tax, deferred tax charge/ credit and prior year tax adjustment.

b) Secondary segment information (by Geographical segments)

| Revenue, assets and addition to tangible and intangible fixed assets by geographical area | Revenue | Assets | Addition to fixed assets and tangible |
|---|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Within India | 2,933,441,640 | 17,327,637,437 | 10,760,247 |
| | (3,606,383,411) | (18,018,549,347) | (17,774,476) |
| Outside India | 6,755,525 | 190,741,730 | - |
| | (9,307,775) | (229,778,241) | (-) |
| Total | 2,940,197,166 | 17,518,379,168 | 10,760,247 |
| | (3,615,691,186) | (18,248,327,588) | (17,774,476) |

Note: figure in brackets [in a) and b) above] represents previous year figures







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

- 2.28 Pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Company has incurred expenditure (paid) in respect of corporate social responsibility as follows:
 - a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year: Rs. 28,263,596.
 - b) Amount Spent during the year on:

| | | (| Amount in Rs.) |
|--|--------------|------------------------|----------------|
| Particulars | In Cash | Yet to be paid in cash | Total |
| (i) Construction/Acquisition of Assets | - | _ | - |
| | (-) | (-) | (-) |
| (ii) On purpose other than (i) above | 28,280,000 | - | 28,280,000 |
| | (23,651,000) | (-) | (23,651,000) |
| Total | 28,280,000 | | 28,280,000 |
| /E: | (23,651,000) | | (23,651,000) |

(Figures in bracket represents previous year numbers)

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Company has appropriated the amount through reserves and surplus.

- c) During the current year, the Company has made contributions amounting to Rs 25,780,000 (previous year Rs. 23,151,000) to a Public Charitable Trust 'Globe Capital Foundation' (a related party as per AS-18).
- 2.29 With effect from 1 April 2015, the Company has revised its method of valuation of securities held as inventory wherein the Company now carries inventory at the lower of cost and the market value computed on a category-wise basis (equity, preference, bonds, mutual funds etc excluding stock-in-trade pertaining to commodities) instead of individual scrip basis as adopted earlier till 31 March 2015. This change has resulted in an increase in closing inventory and profit before tax by Rs. 105,871,781, thereby resulting in increase of tax by Rs. 36,640,106 for the year ended 31 March 2016.
- 2.30 With effect from 1 April 2015, the Company has revised the policy of accounting for outstanding derivative contracts (Future & Options). In accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Derivative Contracts issued by ICAI on 1 June 2015, the Company now accounts for the outstanding open derivatives at a fair value with changes being recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Till previous year the Company ignored the profits on the outstanding positions of open contracts in accordance with the announcement issued by ICAI in March 2008 relating to accounting of derivatives. This change has resulted in an increase in income from trading in securities by Rs. 22,260,353, thereby resulting in increase of tax by Rs. 7,703,863 for the year ended 31 March 2016.
- 2.31 Pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') being effective from 1 April 2014, the Group has revised depreciation rates on tangible fixed assets as per the useful life specified in Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Act. As a result of this change, the depreciation charge for the year ended 31 March 2015 is higher by Rs. 4,934,196. In respect of assets whose useful life is already exhausted as on 1 April 2014, depreciation of Rs. 8,072,769 (net of deferred tax impact of Rs. 4,156,847) has been adjusted in Reserves and Surplus.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2.32 Basic and diluted earnings per share

| Description | For the year ended 31 March 2016 | For the year ended 31 March 2015 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Net profit after tax | 825,773,416 | 1,231,030,038 |
| Net profits attributable to equity shareholders (A) | 825,773,416 | 1,231,030,038 |
| Equity shares outstanding during the year for calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share (B) | 32,812,500 | 32,812,500 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per equity share of the face value of Rs. 10 each $(C = A/B)$ | 25.17 | 37.52 |

2.33 The Board of Directors had earlier decided to delist the Company's equity shares from the Delhi Stock Exchange ('DSE'). Pursuant to SEBI pronouncement on 'Non-Operational Stock Exchanges', DSE vide letter dated 29 September 2014 had sought Company's decision out of the options available. After evaluating the various options available and on receipt of a letter from DSE, the Company has forwarded them the information as was required for onward submission to the Dissemination Board of BSE. During the current year. DSE vide its letter dated 18 May 2015 informed the Company that it has been transferred to the Dissemination Board of the Bombay Stock Exchange. Further, it also mentioned that the Company is not required to comply with listing agreement made with DSE and not required to pay the listing fee from 1 April 2015 onwards. The Company has informed SEBI that in its board meeting held on 29 October 2015, the Board has decided not to go for direct listing on any other exchange, and to provide the investors/ public shareholders exit opportunity as mutually agreed in accordance with applicable laws.

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101248W/-100022

Jiten Chopra

Partner

Membership No.: 092894

For P.C. Bindal & Co. Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003824N

K. C. Chipta

Partner \ States

Membership No.: 088638

For and on hehalf of Board of Directors of

Globe Capital Market Limited

Yashpal Mendiratta

Managing Director

DIN: 00004185

Ashok Kumar Agarwal
Whole-time Director

DIN: 00003988

Dhiraj Jaiswal
Company Secretary

Place. Gurgaon Date: 29 April 2016 Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016